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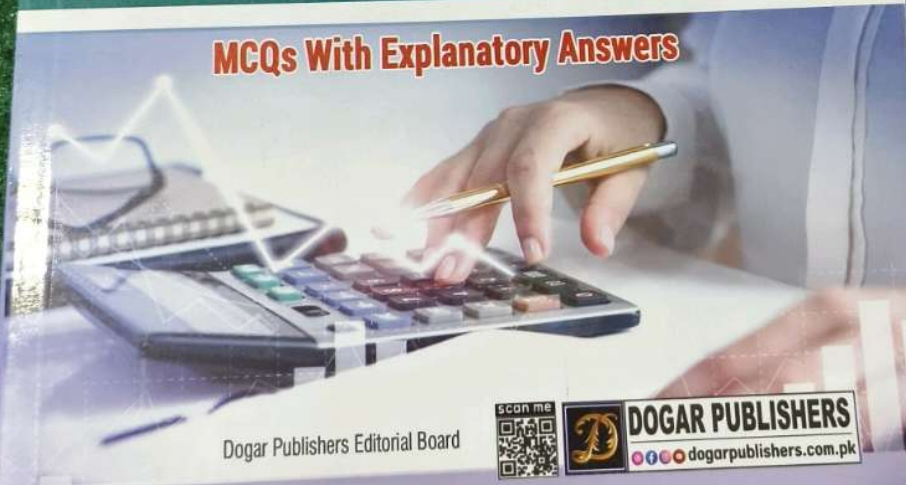


PU-COM USAT-COM

• **COMMERCE GROUP**

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 علم کے مطابق ان چار جوابات میں سے درست جواب کو
 نمونے کے سوالات
 نمونے In:
 (A) February 1927
 (B) ✓ March 1928
 (C) World Wrestling Web
 (D) World Wildlife Web
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ii SELECTION PROCEDURE

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FOR COMMERCE GROUP

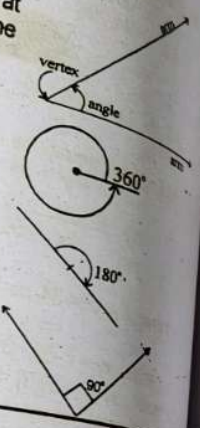
iii SELECTION PROCEDURE

15. **ASTRAY:**
 (a) Far off
 (c) Out
 (b) Spanning
 (d) Off the right path ✓
16. Several members of the party eulogized their leader at the meeting.
 (a) Thanked
 (c) Wished
 (b) Praised ✓
 (d) Flattered
17. One cannot but admire your ingenious solution to the problem.
 (a) Appropriate
 (c) Skilful ✓
 (b) Original
 (d) Final
18. The financial crisis caused the fall of the Government.
 (a) Brought over
 (c) Brought forward
 (b) Brought down
 (d) Brought about ✓
19. The NRIs who are eager to invest in Pakistan are discouraged by the archaic rules and procedures.
 (a) Ancient
 (c) Outdated ✓
 (b) Complex
 (d) Earlier
- The chief engineer was irritated by the perpetual complaints.
 (a) Repeated ✓
 (c) Eternal
 (b) Baseless
 (d) Trivial
- STRIDENCY:**
 (a) Harshness ✓
 (c) Consistency
 (b) Flippant
 (d) Stress
- EXCUPATE:**
 (a) Speak
 (c) Free
 (b) Enjoy
 (d) Finish ✓
- VAPID:**
 (a) Virtuous
 (c) Dull ✓
 (b) Lustre
 (d) Vital
- DISQUISITION:**
 (a) Explosion
 (c) Motion
 (b) Progress
 (d) Report ✓

25. **COLLATE:**
 (a) Prescribe
 (c) Describe
 (b) Narrate
 (d) Assemble ✓
26. **PREPOSTEROUS:**
 (a) Ceremonious
 (c) Judicious
 (b) Ridiculous ✓
 (d) Formal
27. **DOMINION:**
 (a) Realm ✓
 (c) Separation
 (b) Issue
 (d) Recreation
28. **ATTEST:**
 (a) Enlarge
 (c) Corroborate ✓
 (b) Assign
 (d) Allure
29. **QUALM:**
 (a) Attribute
 (c) Scruple ✓
 (b) Altercation
 (d) Crisis
30. It is amazing how such a motley group could get along so well.
 (a) Confused
 (c) Assorted
 (b) Promiscuous
 (d) Heterogeneous ✓
31. His speech was nothing but a string of platitudes.
 (a) Humorous anecdotes
 (c) Stereotyped statements ✓
 (b) Noble sentiments
 (d) Grand statements
32. This was her maiden performance and she did very well.
 (a) Primary
 (c) Girlish
 (b) First ✓
 (d) Fresh
33. He wrote a scathing review of the prize-winning novel.
 (a) Subjective
 (c) Scornful ✓
 (b) Unbalanced
 (d) Biased
34. She is meticulous about her appearance.
 (a) Worried
 (c) Proud
 (b) Careful
 (d) Methodical ✓
35. The cancer of domestic misery corroded his whole existence.
 (a) Affected
 (b) Afflicted
 (c) Disrupted
 (d) Destroyed ✓
36. He suffered from excruciating pain after he got home from the hospital.
 (a) Abrupt
 (c) Imaginary
 (b) Severe ✓
 (d) Mild
37. His candid opinions have won him many friends.
 (a) Frank ✓
 (c) Courteous
 (b) Generous
 (d) Kind
38. I am disgusted by our outrageous behaviour.
 (a) Threatening
 (c) Unbecoming
 (b) Shocking ✓
 (d) Unacceptable
39. We repeatedly asked the girl why she was crying but she said that she did not want to entangle us in her affairs.
 (a) Induce
 (c) Impress
 (b) Involve ✓
 (d) Entrap
40. His performance in the examination stunned his friends.
 (a) Subdued
 (c) Stupefied ✓
 (b) Angered
 (d) Surprised
41. More effective measures should be adopted for the conservation for forest.
 (a) Supervision
 (c) Cultivation
 (b) Propagation
 (d) Protection ✓
42. Will you please rectify the mistake?
 (a) Correct ✓
 (c) Condone
 (b) Regularize
 (d) Clarify
43. Death is inevitable.
 (a) Imminent
 (c) Unavoidable ✓
 (b) Uncontrollable
 (d) Unconquerable
44. Some people try to spread anarchy in the country.
 (a) Lawlessness ✓
 (c) Violence
 (b) Disaffection
 (d) Hatred
45. The meeting came to an abrupt end.

Chapter 1
ANGLES

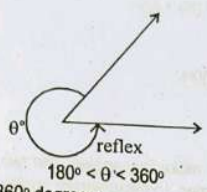
segments, which
lines) meeting at
is called the



their degree measures.
greater than 0° and less than 90°
and less than 180° is called obtuse

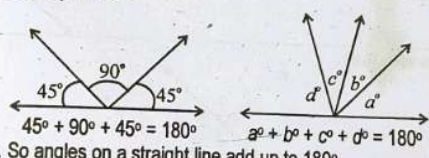
$90^\circ < \theta < 180^\circ$
In all above figures θ lies between 90° and 180° .
Reflex Angle: A reflex angle is between 180° and 360° .

Example:



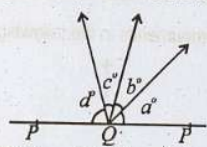
A reflex angle lies between 180° and 360° degrees.
Calculating Angles:

Angles on a straight line add up to 180° .



A straight angle is 180° . So angles on a straight line add up to 180° .

Example 1: What is the average of a , b , c and d in the following figure



Solution: In the given figure since $\angle PQR$ is a straight angle. Because the angles on a straight line add up to 180° , therefore

$$a + b + c + d = 180^\circ$$

Average is

$$\frac{180^\circ}{4} = 45^\circ$$

Note: Angles in a full turn add upto 360° .

Example 2: Find the angle a in these diagrams.

5. Laws of Return

- Marginal product increases when average product:
- (a) Increases (b) Decreases
(c) Remains constant (d) None of them
- Marginal product is zero, total production is:
- (a) Zero (b) Negative
(c) Maximum (d) Minimum
- Law of increasing return is also called as:
- (a) Law of cost (b) Law of increasing cost
(c) Law of price (d) Law of decreasing cost
- The sector of production, in which nature plays more role, there is applicable:
- (a) Law of increasing return (b) Law of decreasing return
(c) Law of constant return (d) Law of positive return
- Law of constant returns is applicable in the sector of production, where nature and human beings play:
- (a) Different role (b) Equal role
(c) Contradictory role (d) All of them
- Production which is produced with a particular combination of factors of production, is called:
- (a) Positive product (b) Total product
(c) Average product (d) Marginal product
- Laws of return are:
- (a) Two (b) Four
(c) Three (d) Five
- Number of firms in perfect competition is:
- (a) Two (b) Three
(c) Large (d) Few



| | | | | | | | | | |
|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|
| 1. | a | 2. | c | 3. | b | 4. | b | 5. | b |
| 6. | b | 7. | c | 8. | c | | | | |

6. Firm Costs of Production and Revenues

- The costs which firm has to bear in every condition in the short period, are called:
 - Fixed costs
 - Total costs
 - Variable costs
 - Average costs
- In the short period, the shape of the average cost curve is:
 - Like alphabet J
 - Vertical
 - Like alphabet U
 - Horizontal
- The marginal cost curve remains below the average cost curve, when average cost curve is:
 - Rising
 - Falling
 - Zero
 - None of them
- When average cost curve is rising, then marginal cost curve:

antonym is 'increase'.
 g'.
 egregate'.
 tidious'.
 scree'.
 adversity'.
 complimentary'.
 heerful'.
 1 is 'indifferently'.
 e'.
 nded'.
 d'.
 is 'dirty'.
 r time. Its antonym is 'accelerate'.
 is 'come back'.
 r under him. Its antonym is 'slave'.
 fficient'.
 m'.
 se'.
 :feated'.
 lmiration'.
 outhstanding'.
 nym is 'pleasant'.
 ersion. Its antonym is 'attractive'.
 n'.
 ominous'.
 .
 genuine'.
 y'.
 ted'.
 icant'.

41. (D): *Plentiful* means more than enough. Its antonym is 'scanty'.
42. (D): *Vague* means not precise. Its antonym is 'clear'.
43. (D): *Dreary* means dull or drab. Its antonym is 'bright'.
44. (A): *Elegance* means grace. Its antonym is 'awkwardness'.
45. (A): *Delayed* means postponed. Its antonym is 'expedited'.
46. (D): *Delicious* means tasty. Its antonym is 'unpalatable'.
47. (A): *Mandatory* means imperative or compulsory. Its antonym is 'optional'.
48. (D): *Veracity* means truthfulness. Its antonym is 'falsity'.
49. (A): *Radical* means reactionary. Its antonym is 'conservative'.
50. (D): *Humorous* means funny. Its antonym is 'pathetic'.
51. (C): *Modesty* means humility. Its antonym is 'vanity'.
52. (B): *Futility* means uselessness. Its antonym is 'usefulness'.
53. (C): *Sage* means wise. Its antonym is 'fool'.
54. (C): *Moist* means damp. Its antonym is 'dry'.
55. (B): *Mask* means covering for face. Its antonym is 'expose'.
56. (B): *Callous* means careless. Its antonym is 'sensitive'.
57. (D): *Beguile* means cheat. Its antonym is 'persuade'.
58. (B): *Virtue* means goodness. Its antonym is 'vice'.
59. (B): *Venerate* means respect. Its antonym is 'abuse'.
60. (A): *Shallow* means not deep. Its antonym is 'deep'.
61. (B): *Reward* means a sum of money offered. Its antonym is 'penalty'.
62. (B): *Foreigner* means resident of some other country. Its antonym is 'native'.
63. (B): *Gather* means collect. Its antonym is 'scatter'.
64. (B): *Concealed* means hidden. Its antonym is 'disclosed'.
65. (A): *Innocent* means guiltless. Its antonym is 'guilty'.
66. (C): *Jubilant* means jolly. Its antonym is 'gloomy'.
67. (C): *Reserved* means not showing feelings. Its antonym is 'talkative'.
68. (D): *Often* means frequently. Its antonym is 'sometimes'.
69. (C): *Victory* means success. Its antonym is 'defeat'.
70. (C): *Loose* means not tight. Its antonym is 'tight'.
71. (D): *Accord* means agreement. Its antonym is 'disagreement'.
72. (D): *Reject* means discard. Its antonym is 'accept'.
73. (C): *Magnifying* means exaggerating. The antonym is 'reducing'.
74. (C): *Definite* means firm. The antonym is 'vague'.
75. (B): *Facts* means reality. Its antonym is 'fiction'.
76. (A): *Hostile* means inimical. Its antonym is 'friendly'.
77. (D): *Flexible* means easy going. Its antonym is 'rigid'.
78. (C): *Boost* means encouragement. Its antonym is 'discouragement'.
79. (B): *Louder* means at a higher pitch. Its antonym is 'softer'.
80. (D): *Low* means below. Its antonym is 'high'.
81. (B): *Answer* means to reply. Its antonym is 'question'.
82. (D): *Punish* means to award punishment. Its antonym is 'sympathy'.
83. (D): *Pragmatic* means practical. Its antonym is 'impractical'.